

WAR OF WORDS IN SENATE CHAMBER

Tillman and Hopkins Called to Order During a Lively Encounter.

ARGUMENT BECOMES HEATED

South Carolinian Accused of Approving the Lynching of Negroes in South.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 19.—The Senate today passed a joint resolution appropriating a million dollars to be used in affording relief to San Francisco sufferers; appropriated \$1,000 to pay the expenses of bringing home the bodies of the Kentucky victims; listened to an explanation by Mr. Bailey concerning the proceedings of yesterday's Democratic senatorial caucus; heard the first half of an exhaustive speech by Mr. La Follette on the railroad rate bill, and witnessed a decidedly spirited encounter between Mr. Tillman and Mr. Hopkins concerning the recent Chicago bank failure.

Tillman Makes Charges.
Mr. Tillman read newspaper charges to the effect that the Illinois senator had used his official position to prevent punishment for violation of the banking law, and Mr. Hopkins responded by charging the South Carolina senator with approving the lynching of negroes and with securing his election to the Senate by suppressing the negro vote.

He also declared that Mr. Tillman had changed the official report of his last speech on the bank question so as to make it appear that he had approved of the lynching of negroes, and to this Mr. Tillman responded that he had done nothing of the kind. The colloquy at last became so bitter that it was necessary to call the senators to order.

The climax came when Mr. Hopkins said:

"It is time that the country should know who this modern reformer is. Who is he, and where does he come from?"
Replying, he said that Mr. Tillman is from South Carolina, with a white population of 57,000 and a black population of 32,000. This being the case, Mr. Tillman had been able, he said, to get to the Senate only by suppressing the colored vote—securing a majority by manipulation, which results in depriving a majority of the people of the right to vote. He would ask the senator if, in a speech in 1900, he had said that he had done all that he could to keep the negroes from voting.

Tillman Responded.
"Why should I deny it?" responded Mr. Tillman promptly. "When I put it in the record? I do not deny it and I am willing to repeat it."

Mr. Hopkins then charged his antagonist with favoring the lynching of negroes, quoting speeches made by the South Carolina senator a year ago in which reference was made to the burning alive of negroes. Think of a senator who can endorse such barbarities and atrocities talking about the violation of law is a matter of a little money to be compared with the taking of human life."

Replying Mr. Tillman said that he had never been in a court of law except as a spectator, but in that capacity he had noticed that when lawyers had poor cases they indulged in all manner of abuse of their opponents.

"Is he," he asked, referring to Mr. Hopkins, "the vice-president of the bonding company?"
"Let us have it—yes or no," went on the South Carolinian. No response. "I take the refusal to answer as a confession, as proof positive that he is exerting his official position to promote the violation of the law."

At the tops of their voices the two senators engaged in wrangling, one talking on banks, the other on negroes, until Mr. Aldrich finally called for the regular order, on the ground that nothing was before the Senate, and Mr. La Follette was willing to speak.

Dispute Very Heated.

This dispute was renewed and became even more heated. Mr. Tillman denied that he had said negroes had been going by lynching to the polls, but declared that it was necessary in South Carolina, where the negroes have a majority of the population, to "destroy the brute who outrages a white woman in order for the white man to gain protection for their wives and daughters."
At the request of Mr. Gallinger, the rules of debate were read and the vice-president said it would be enforced. Before either of the combatants could reply, Mr. La Follette began his speech on the rate bill. He checked the free capitalization of the railroads and contended for the broadest construction of the rights of Congress to legislate for the control of the roads.

He said that the pending bill was defective in many important respects; took a position in support of the Federal non-suspension amendment, and expressed himself as opposed to a broad court review of the findings of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

During his speech, the Senate chamber was practically deserted.

The House Session.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 19.—During the discussion of the district appropriation bill, Mr. Williams, the minority leader, gave notice that there would be no more legislation except under the rules of the House, or a special rule, until the conference on the statehood bill had made a report. Several speeches were made on the tariff.

Corner-Stone Laying.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
HAMLET, N. C., April 19.—The Masonic Grand Lodge of North Carolina convened in special session here this afternoon to

\$100 CREDIT A WEEK AT CASH STORE PRICES



Smart Spring Styles

Buy your Spring Clothing here if you want the best for your money. As fine a line of clothing as you have ever seen—every garment plainly marked at cash store prices. Money back if dissatisfied. 58 Busy Stores—Factory to You

Women's Suits Smart and fetching styles in Pique and Blon Jacket effects—made beautifully—prices match the cash store..... \$10 to \$30

Women's Raincoats The new styles are dashing and graceful—we have all shades and every new style. You can buy a splendid one on easy terms..... \$9 to \$18

Silk Waists, Silk Skirts, Spring Coats Millinery, Walking Skirts, Shoes

Men's Suits Nobby styles all new this spring, single and double breasted snappy patterns—perfect fitting \$7 to \$20

Boys' Suits Suits for small boys and tall boys, for boys of all ages and sizes—durable and stylish and priced way down..... \$2 to \$12

Topcoats, Raincoats, Hats and Shoes for Men—Hats and Shoes for Boys

MENTER & ROSENBLOOM CO.
703 East Broad St., Second Floor.
Store Open Monday Evenings.

Brief Items From Everywhere

HAMPTON, IOWA.—After beating Obadiah Smith and his wife into unconsciousness, A. E. Evans, an insurance agent, killed himself.

NEW YORK.—The New York Republican Convention has been fixed for September 24th at Saratoga.

CHICAGO.—Because of the fatal accident in St. Louis, the Catholic Church on Saturday night, policemen are to be placed at every church in Chicago to prevent overcrowding.

JACKSON, MISS.—Gnats are killing live stock in large numbers in the Delta counties of the State. Instances are reported where horses have died within an hour after being stung by the gnats.

GALVESTON.—A systematic robbery of the oil pipe lines in the South Lake and Saratoga fields, by which something like 200,000 barrels of oil have been stolen, has been unearthed by detectives after a month's search.

CHICAGO.—Judge Mack, of the Juvenile Court, as happy as a boy, took his interest in the case of the Coliseum. There were 1,000 children in this family, which is the largest in the city. Judge Mack's family is made up of the forlorn little wards of Cook county.

DENVER.—Sixty-eight per cent. of the voters registered for the election in this city are women. The registration in wards heretofore noted for wholesale box-stuffing is only one-third of that last year.

PHOENIXVILLE, PA.—Within a week after she had celebrated her golden wedding anniversary, Mrs. John Bruner, lay the corner-stone of the new Methodist Church, Worshipful W. A. Crowell, of Monroe, acting grand master.

A large assembly witnessed the interesting ceremony. After the exercises Rev. Enoch McWhorter, of Maxton, delivered an interesting and appropriate oration in an Academy Hall.

FLOYD MURDER TRIAL.

Attempt to Prove Disguised Man and Francis Were the Same.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
FLOYD, VA., April 19.—At the opening of the trial of John Richards, at Floyd Courthouse this morning, W. L. Reed was placed on the stand. He testified to having gone to the spot where Francis was killed and noting the condition of the ground, which showed that some one had stood behind the bushes and the leaves were powder stained and several branches were cut off presumably by the shot and shrapnel fired from the gun.

He also testified to seeing the bottle which was found on the scene containing greasy soil. The next witness was William Ira Poff, who, at the former trial, was regarded as a star witness for the prosecution. He was the witness who identified Richards as being the strange man parading around the country in disguise.

He followed him on the public road and learned from his horse and closely scrutinized the supposed tramp, who, in July weather wore a "brownish gray" overcoat, gum boots, a big slouch hat and

of Cromby, will be buried. She died from what is thought to have been an attack of heart failure, brought on by the excitement attending the celebration.

DUBLIN.—Michael Davitt, the Irish leader, is seriously ill with blood poisoning. He is at his home in Dalkey.

LANCASTER.—Benjamin F. Eschenbach, sixty years old, a veteran of the civil war, has just finished a fast of forty days. He comes from it a gaunt frame of skin and bones, wasted from a weight of 164 pounds to 104 pounds.

LONDON.—At an inquest into the death of Jane Cox, of Southwark, a physician had attended the woman testified that her death was caused by corsets.

SCRANTON, PA.—Little four-year-old Mary Regan cried and pined away for her mother, who died two weeks ago, and death claimed the child, who expired, the doctors say, from a broken heart.

LONDON.—Mrs. Laura Fitzgerald, an American, left Mogador on April 19th to explore the great Atlas mountains in the region of the Ghardaia highlands, the scene of Cunningham Graham's capture by Moorish brigands years ago.

WOODBRIDGE, N. J.—Frank Wilson has a hen that is doing peculiar stunts. She lays an egg every other day. One contains the yolk and the other was white. This routine has been kept up several days.

BOSTON, MASS.—While United States Commissioner Francis S. Fiske was walking across his bedroom last night he slipped on a match which rolled on the polished floor, fell and broke two of his ribs.

A false moustache. He was positive in his identification.

Poff was somewhat rattled by the cross examination conducted by Robert E. Scott, of Richmond. He did not make the effective witness he made at the first trial.

The jury was sent from the courtroom a time or two and several lively tilts occurred between Mr. Scott and J. C. Wyser for the prosecution. When the court adjourned the witness was still on the stand and the defense was using every available method to break the force of his testimony as the prosecution proposed to show that the man in disguise was the murderer of Maurice Francis were one and the same.

Reunion of the "Jones Boys."

Rev. Dr. Howard Lee Jones, of Chattanooga, returning from New York, where for the past two Sundays he supplied the pulpit of the Washington Avenue Baptist Church, Brooklyn, spent a day with his father, Dr. W. L. Jones, and his brother, Dr. M. Ashby Jones, and left for home at 12:30 P. M. yesterday.

During the approaching meeting of the Southern Baptist Convention Dr. Howard Lee Jones will entertain in his home his father and three brothers. Dr. Carter Jones, Dr. B. Pendleton Jones and Dr. M. Ashby Jones, so that "the five Jones boys" will have a reunion. The mother, Mrs. Page Helm Jones, will also be of the party.

Governor Swanson Away.

Governor Swanson was absent from the city yesterday, having gone to the University of Virginia where he spoke last night. During the absence of his excellency, matters of State were exceedingly quiet.

WILL REPLY LATER.

Dr. Oppenheimer and Others to Submit Answers to Council.

The City Board of Health held a meeting last night, and discussed the report of the special committee on health at some length, and finally decided that no public answer would be made until the next regular meeting of the Common Council, which will occur on the evening of the 21st Monday in May.

The conclusions of the special committee were gone over at some length, but there were no harsh criticisms.

The members of the board of health will assume the burden and answer the whole matter. It is understood that Dr. Hoar will offer another paper, and a third will be presented by Dr. Garbin, the other member of the board. From the report of the members of the board will be more vigorous than that of Dr. Hoar, and equally as drastic as the one to be submitted by the president.

PROF. M. CURIE KILLED BY WAGON

(Continued from First Page.)

which he met her who was to be his not only a companion, but a valuable conductor, and whose personal work was even to lead M. Curie to partially abandon his researches and enter upon a new path.

Mme. Curie is a Pole. Marie Sklodowska was born at Warsaw in November, 1868, and is therefore a very young woman. She has a sweet and intelligent face, which has not become forbidding through the dryness of scientific things. She is not only of rare beauty, but a family in which science and learning prove forbidding to none. Her father Ladislas Sklodowski, was a professor and at the same time an excellent naturalist, while her mother, Bronislawa Boguska, was principal of a boarding school. Mme. Curie, moreover, has a sister who married Doctor of Medicine Dzurak, and who is herself a physician. Marie Sklodowska completed her ordinary studies at sixteen, and in 1891 she went to Paris, where she took but two years to obtain a first license in the mathematical sciences.

She did not yet feel satisfied, however, and two years later on, took a degree in the physical and chemical sciences. M. Pierre Curie, finding himself in the presence of a charming young girl, in whom he met with the same love for science and the same inclination for study that he himself possessed, soon became smitten with her and finally married her.

It will be seen that two workers of this kind were made for a thorough understanding of each other and for an intelligent collaboration. Mme. Curie had become professor of physics at the High School of Sevres, where her researches upon radium were the subject of a thesis that obtained for her the title of Doctor of Sciences. Very naturally, the scientific researches of the Academy of Sciences and the publication of papers in scientific journals became more and more frequent under the name of Curie, although in most cases the name included that of Mme. Curie.

In the School of Physics and Chemistry. In the first place, Mme. Curie entered the path marked out by her husband, but owing to a study upon the conductivity of air under the influence of the rays of uranium and thorium, and the discovery of radium, which she and her husband were to make most important discoveries, and after that occupied her particularly with the rays emitted by the compounds of these two metals. Finally, toward the end of 1904, the Academy of Sciences received a communication that may be considered as marking an epoch, and in which M. and Mme. Curie positively confirmed what they had already announced as to a new and strongly radioactive substance contained in pitch-blende.

The found a new element to which they gave the name of polonium, evidently in remembrance of the country of Marie Sklodowska, and afterwards discovered another element, naming it radium, in remembrance of her husband. The chemical appearance of nearly pure radium, but nevertheless very different therefrom. This was radium, the well-known substance that was to revolutionize modern chemistry. Following this success, the communication of the Academy began to multiply, and its diverse properties. They showed especially that the rays emitted by polonium and radium are capable of communicating radio-activity to naturally inactive substances, a fact that led M. Becquerel, whose labors had prepared the way for those of the Curies, to demonstrate and importance of the new discovery.

The great importance of the discovery of radium was appreciated as far back as 1904, when the Academy of Sciences awarded the Lavoisier prize of 10,000 francs to M. Pierre Curie, while associating with his name that of his wife. A short time afterward, Mme. Curie put chemistry in possession of a relatively large quantity of radium, and having by very troublesome fractional crystallizations, obtained a decigramme of perfectly pure chloride, which allowed her finally to determine the atomic weight of this body. A later matter of science, M. Curie, made some very curious observations upon the heat continually disengaged by the salts of radium.

Later, a chair, was created for M. Curie at the Faculty of Sciences, Paris.

Powell—Gwathmey.

One of the most beautiful of the Easter weddings was solemnized on yesterday afternoon at Taylorville Baptist Church, Hanover county, when Miss Mary Lewis Gwathmey, of "Beech Island," became the bride of Mr. Louis Franklin Powell, of this city. The bride entered on the arm of her uncle, Mr. J. M. Powell, and was escorted by her father, Mr. J. M. Powell.

She was handsomely appareled in a princess gown of white radium silk. Her hair veil was carried by a silver ornament, the gift of the groom. Her flowers were of white lilies and maiden hair ferns. The bridegroom, attended by his brother, Mr. Albert Powell, and his sister, Mrs. Powell, was met by the bride at the altar. The ceremony was performed by Drs. Garlick and George W. Modder.

Miss Gwathmey's attendants were Misses Lucy Moseley, maid of honor; Anna Gwathmey, Kate Gunn, Annie Lewis, and Messrs. Robert Alsop, L. Howard Jenkins, E. J. Moseley, Jr., Hunter Spencer, and J. M. Powell. The bridesmaids were Misses E. J. Moseley, Jr., Hunter Spencer, and J. M. Powell. The bridesmaids were Misses E. J. Moseley, Jr., Hunter Spencer, and J. M. Powell.

The happy couple left on the 11:30 train for Washington and other points of interest on their bridal tour. After the return Mr. and Mrs. Farmer will spend some time with the parents, Mr. and Mrs. Farmer, and will move to Manchester.

Death of Mrs. Parker.

Mrs. Mildred E. Parker, of No. 199 Perry Street, Manchester, widow of Captain J. H. Parker, who died several months ago, died at her home last night. Mrs. Parker had been ill almost continuously since the death of her husband. Her relatives have been communally with her. The funeral notice will be announced later.

A Card of Thanks.

Mr. Editor.—Please permit me, through your valuable paper, to extend my sincere thanks to the dear people of my church and kind people of Manchester, and friends of Richmond, for their kind remembrance of me and my children in the sad loss of my wife.

I wish to make special mention of the beautiful floral offerings sent by my Sunday school, Sewing Circle, Alpha and Beta Societies, and the employees of the Steiff Piano Company, of Richmond, for whom my son works. Besides these, there were many offerings sent by individuals, to whom we feel very grateful.

In addition to the above, my church gave me money to pay for a beautiful lot in Riverside Cemetery, where my dear wife now sleeps, and where my body will rest. For all these favors and all words of sympathy from the citizens, I wish to express my gratitude.

Surely, it is pleasure to serve a people so kind and generous.

R. W. CRIDLEN,
Pastor Stockton Street Baptist Church.

On Roll of Honor.

Principal Fitzgerald, of the Manchester schools, has given out the roll of honor for the month ending Friday, April 13th, as follows:

High School—Mary Vaden, Helen Morrice.
Fifth Grammar—Nannie Vaden (100), Zulene Duvall (100), Hazel Kidd, Lelia Hunt, Mary B. Snellings, Miss French teacher.

Third Grammar—B-Estella Turner, Rachel Wagon, Glad Fryer, Marie Williams, Miss Hall teacher.
Second Grammar—A-Mozelle Reams.

NEWS GATHERED FROM SOUTHSIDE

Mr. R. T. Turner Seriously Injured By Fall in Southern Shops.

WHITE MAN HAS SMALLPOX

Mrs. Mildred Parker Dies—Joint Meeting of City Assembly to Elect Sanitary Officer.

Manchester Bureau, Times-Dispatch, 1102 Hull Street.

Mr. R. T. Turner, an employee of the Southern shops, was seriously injured about half-past five o'clock yesterday afternoon by falling from his engine in the round-house into the pit below. The complete details of the accident could not be learned, but it seems that he was on the turning platform shifting his engine, when he fell from the heavy machine into the pit, striking the back of his head a terrific blow. He was rendered unconscious, and remained for several hours. He was attended by Dr. Baker, who had him transferred to the Retreat for the Sick, in Richmond, where it was reported last night that he had regained consciousness and that he had greatly improved.

Mr. Turner hails from West Point, but has been working at the Southern shops for some time.

White Man a Victim.

Another case of smallpox was reported to have broken out in Manchester, this time a white man, Mr. Jennings, of Nineteenth and Bainbridge Streets. It is said that Mr. Turner contracted the disease in Norfolk, where he had been staying. Steps were immediately taken by the Board of Health, and Dr. Owens proceeded to vaccinate the whole neighborhood.

The pest house was completed last night, and the two negroes on Fifteenth Street, who had contracted the disease, were removed there as their first occupants. It is not known whether Mr. Jennings will be taken there, but a quarantine has been established at the place where he is residing.

In this connection it might be well to state that a census has been taken of Tanyard Bottom by Police Officer Moore, and that out of the total of 384 negroes who live there, 362 have been vaccinated by Dr. M. P. Rucker, city health officer. This leaves but 22 negroes, who will be vaccinated as soon as possible.

To Elect Sanitary Officer.

A joint meeting of the Common Council and the Board of Aldermen has been called for to-night for the purpose of electing a sanitary officer.

The city has been aroused to the needs of such an official, and the City Assembly is taking prompt action in regard to the matter.

Police Officer Moore is out of the race by reason of his resignation, made because the office would not be appointive from the police commissioners. There are, however, several candidates, and it is reported that of these Mr. Dr. Ely, of the Second Ward, will most likely be appointed.

Mr. Ely is an employee of the Southern shops, and is a well known and popular young man in Manchester.

After the joint session of the two bodies the Board of Health will meet to take up some important matters. It is likely that the Health Committee also will meet and receive bids for the construction of a permanent pest house, in place of the temporary tent that has just been erected to take care of the patients who now have the disease.

Boy Breaks His Arm.

Andrew Pugh, the son of Mr. Thomas Pugh, of 47 West Fourteenth street, in jumping over a fence at Fourteenth and Perry streets Wednesday night fell and broke his arm. The unfortunate boy was taken home, where he received prompt medical attention. His father's family is undergoing many reverses, his wife now lying very ill in Virginia Hospital.

Farmer—Martindale.

Mr. Percy D. Farmer, of Manchester, and Miss Mary H. Martindale, of 705 East Clay street, were quietly married last night at 8:30 o'clock in the home of the bride, Rev. C. O. Woodward, pastor of Covington Avenue Christian Church, performing the services.

The happy couple left on the 11:30 train for Washington and other points of interest on their bridal tour. After the return Mr. and Mrs. Farmer will spend some time with the parents, Mr. and Mrs. Farmer, and will move to Manchester.

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CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. R. R. R.

THE HAMBURGER STORE

This Summer Show is Beyond Any Previous Exposition

By far the most alluring display that we have ever invited you to. Be sure and come to-day, for this is indeed an event worthy of a visit. Come!

Summer Silks.

Chiffon Crepes, in black and colors, 27 inches wide, 75c.
Crepes de Chine, in very select colors, 25 inches wide, 50c.

Chiffon Taffetas, in fancy weaves, 50c value, 35c.

Changeable Taffetas; these goods are worth more money, but we offer them at a special price, 40c.

Fancy Taffetas and Louisines; there are many pleasant surprises in these at 50c.

White Habutai Japanese Wash Silk, 20 inches wide, 25c.

White Habutai Japanese Wash Silk, 23 inches wide, 35c.

White Habutai Japanese Wash Silk, 27 inches wide, 40c.

White Habutai Japanese Wash Silk, 36 inches wide, 50c.

White Habutai Japanese Wash Silk, 36 inches wide, 50c.

Rubaiyat, a beautiful rough Silk, which is no such thing; 26 inches wide, in a choice range of colorings, 75c.

Black Chiffon Taffetas, 36 inches wide, 80c.

Black Peau de Cygne, 36 inches wide, \$1.00.

Taffetas, changeable and plain, 27 inches wide, \$1.00 value, 85c.

Black Crepe de Chine, a large line of these just arrived, 55c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25.

Poulard Silks, in the snowflake dots, in old rose, also blue, red, and other shades, 37 inches wide, 85c.

Black Japanese Silk, 36 inches wide, 75c.

36-inch All-Wool Vellies, all shades, 50c.

36-inch All-Wool Batiste, all colors and white, 40c.

36-inch All-Wool Albatross, all colors and white, 35c and 50c.

36-inch Fine French and English Vellies, all colors, 75c and \$1.00.

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